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## SUMMARY

#### SOUTHEAST ASIA

1. Indonesian army factions reported to have reached agreement (page 3).

25X1

### **NEAR EAST - AFRICA**

- 3. Arab League politics may prevent Jordan from accepting Johnston proposals (page 4).
- 4. French Foreign Ministry criticizes Iraqi-Turkish treaty plans (page 5).
- 5. Prime Minister Sharett's policy receiving more support in Israel (page 6).

### LATIN AMERICA

6. Comment on reported split in British Guiana People's Progressive Party (page 6).

25X1A

16 Feb 55 CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 2

25X1A		
Approved For Releas	se 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T009	75A001900410001-5

	SOUTHEAST ASIA
25X1A.	Indonesian army factions reported to have reached agreement:
	The two principal Indonesian army factions, the "pro- and anti-17 October groups," have reached agreement, according to Colonel Kawilarang, West  Java army commander. The agreement, which will be made public after 17 February, will enable the army to present a united front against political pressure. Kawilarang stated that if the forthcoming elections are not conducted honestly, the army would feel justified in taking action to remove fraudulently elected politicians.
	The American ambassador in Djakarta comments that if Kawilarang is not being overly optimistic, the agreement among military commanders to guarantee honest elections is an encouraging sign that the long-delayed general elections will be held this summer.
	sulted from an incident on 17 October 1952. This incident was engineered by professionally trained, anti-Communist army officers who resented political interference in military affairs.
	There have been other recent reports indicating interest in the development of army unity. The anti-17 October group, however, has heretofore exhibited opportunistic tendencies which the pro-Communist defense minister has exploited.

16 Feb 55

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CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 3

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		NEAR	EAST - AFRICA		
3.	Arab League po	olitics may p	orevent Jordan fr	om accepting Jo	hnston
25X1	proposals:		lana dan Tahan		ding his
		di	mbassador Johns scussions with th	e Arab states a	nd Israel
		re	egarding Jordan F eports that Arab 1	liver developme League politics	ent plans, have
	made it difficu	It for Jordan	to take favorable	e action on his	proposals.
			ohnston states tha		
	which greeted ceptance of his	him in Amm proposals.	an had raised his This would enco	hope for Jorda urage agreemei	nian ac- nt by
	Syria and Leba	non. Leban	on urged Jordan t	to take no action	n, how-
		consider th	atives reassembl e final Arab posit		
	16 Feb 55	CURRENT	INTELLIGENCE	BULLETIN	Page 4

25X1

Approved For Releas 22002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001900410001-5

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Approved For Releas	e 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T009	75A001900410001-5

Comment: Ambassador Johnston visited the Near East in late 1953 and mid-1954 in an effort to obtain agreement on the same plan. On the present trip he has had discussions in Tel Aviv, Cairo, and Amman. He will continue his talks in Damascus and Beirut.

The prospects for achieving a compromise agreement at this time are not bright, despite both Arab and Israeli reluctance to assume the onus for failure of the negotiations.

25X1A	French Foreign Ministry criticizes Iraqi-Turkish treaty plans:
	In answer to a question by the American embassy, a high French Foreign Ministry spokesman replied on 14 February that the proposed Iraqi-Turkish treaty, while
	in the "right direction" of collective security in the Middle East, is not necessarily the "right move." The spokesman cited the renewed arms race between Israel and the Arab states, Arab discord which the treaty has already produced, and French fears of Iraq's
	intentions toward Syria.

Comment: Though not opposed to the "northern tier" approach to Middle East defense, the French believe that the United States and Britain, but not France, may be invited to participate in the proposed Iraqi-Turkish treaty. They also resent that they were not consulted early in the treaty negotiations.

France fears that its position in Syria is being undermined. In addition, it fears that Egyptian hostility to the treaty may result in a renewed Arab attack on its position in North Africa.

French insistence on joining the treaty would probably provoke strong Arab, particularly Iraqi, opposition.

25X6

16 Feb 55

CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN

Page 5

25X1A		
Approved For Releas	e 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T009 <u>7</u>	5 <u>A</u> 001900410001-5

5. Prime Minister Sh	
	The American embassy in Tel Aviv reports
	that both former premier Ben-Gurion and
	some critics within the cabinet appear for
	the time being to be backing Prime Minis-
	ter Sharett's foreign policy of restraint and
diplomacy. The e	mbassy also believes that Manai, the dominant
political party, wi	ll continue to support Sharett. This development
has left Defense M	inister Lavon and the extremists "out on a limb."

Ben-Gurion has shifted his backing from the aggressive approach of Lavon to Sharett's policy of diplomatic action.

Even though at present there appears to be a closing of ranks behind Sharett, popular support for a tough line and considerable army opposition to the current moderate policy remain. Moreover, Ben-Gurion is realistic and may be expected to support aggressive action should he consider it necessary.

# LATIN AMERICA

6.	Comment on reported split in British Guiana People's Progressive
25X1A	Party:
25/17	The reported demotion of Communists Cheddi and Janet Jagan from official top leadership of the People's Progressive Party in British Guiana offers little en-
	couragement to Britain's hopes for an end to the political stalemate in the colony and a return to gradual political development.

The party, whose activities caused London to suspend the British Guiana constitution in October 1953, remains the only effective one in the colony. This is due mainly to the continued apathy of moderate elements.

British officials have long regarded Lyndon Burnham, the newly elected party leader, as possibly even more

16 Feb 55 CURRENT INTELLIGENCE BULLETIN Page 6

Approved For Release 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T00975A001900410001-5

25X1A		
Approved For Release	se 2002/10/21 : CIA-RDP79T009 <mark>75</mark>	A001900410001-5

dangerous to British interests than the Jagans, who will presumably retain a measure of influence in the party despite their demotion. In addition, support of Burnham by East Indians in the party executive suggests that the People's Progressive Party's appeal to all racial groups in British Guiana remains unimpaired.

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Page 7